ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSES
ROLE IN PALLIATIVE CARE

A Position Statement from American Nursing Leaders
Dear Colleague,

Nurse specialists play an essential role in delivering palliative care in a variety of settings and circumstances in the United Kingdom and other parts of the world. Recognizing the work of pioneering advanced practice nurses in the United States, the Promoting Excellence in End-of-Life Care national program of The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation convened a group of acknowledged leaders in American nursing to consider the state of advanced practice nursing in palliative care and make recommendations for future development of this specialty focus of nursing practice.

On July 9 and 10, 2001, a meeting of the listed participants was held in Philadelphia. The discussions and deliberations of the meeting built on a survey and interview with the participants and other “key informants” in the field of palliative care nursing. A writing team comprised of Constance Dahlin, Meg Campbell and Ruth McCorkle drafted a statement reflecting the consensus of those present at the July 2001 meeting. The draft was circulated to the attendees and underwent multiple iterations. The final statement represents a consensus of those signatories.

The Promoting Excellence in End-of-Life Care program is pleased to support the dissemination of this statement and the recommendations it contains. Advanced practice nursing specialists with expertise in palliative care represent a critical resource for meeting the needs of dying Americans and their families.

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Promoting Excellence in End-of-Life Care
“MUCH KNOWLEDGE HAS ACCRUED ABOUT WHAT MAKES FOR GOOD PALLIATIVE CARE, AND NURSES HAVE BEEN IN THE FOREFRONT OF EFFORTS TO IMPROVE QUALITY OF LIFE FOR PATIENTS AND FAMILIES THROUGHOUT THE EXPERIENCE OF ILLNESS.”

BACKGROUND

As America moves into the 21st century, a new health care crisis surrounding how people die is occurring. In the beginning of the 20th century people died at an earlier age and did not enjoy the fruits of preventive care. By comparison, Americans now live longer creating a phenomenon known as the graying of America. In addition, Americans are living with many more chronic illnesses. The challenge of caring for the chronically and terminally ill aging population is increased by shortages of health care providers and, in particular, nurses. These changes have resulted in an erosion of the ability of health care providers to respond to the chronically and terminally ill on an individual and societal level.

The number of Americans living with advanced age and/or chronic illness continues to increase dramatically resulting in an increased need for specialized pain and symptom control. In addition, family members are assuming the majority of the family members’ needs while maintaining social and fiscal accountability.

PALLIATIVE CARE

Palliative care refers to interdisciplinary team-based care for persons and family members experiencing life-threatening illness or injury, that addresses their physical, emotional, social and spiritual needs and seeks to improve quality of life across the illness/dying trajectory. The Last Acts Precepts of Palliative Care states, “Palliative care affirms life and regards dying as a natural process that is a profoundly personal experience for the individual and family. The goal of palliative care is to achieve the best possible quality of life through relief of suffering, control of symptoms and restoration of functional capacity while remaining sensitive to the personal, cultural and religious values, beliefs and practices.”

ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSING

The advanced practice registered nurse has a master’s or doctoral degree in nursing, including a concentration in a specific area of nursing, as well as ongoing clinical experiences. Advanced practice registered nursing has evolved into the roles of Clinical Nurse Specialist (CNS), Nurse Practitioner (NP), Nurse Anesthetist (CRNA), and Nurse Midwife (CNM). APNs who specialize in palliative care are most often academically prepared to serve in the roles of CNS or NP. In addition to direct practice, other roles of the advanced practice nurse include: educator, consultant, researcher and leader.

Given that nurses are in every practice setting where patients are cared for and eventually die, advanced practice nurses are uniquely qualified and positioned to address the myriad needs facing individuals with life-limiting progressive illness. Clearly, collaboration with other providers (e.g., physicians, social workers) must occur to attend to these vulnerable patients, but APNs have the knowledge and clinical judgment to prescribe, coordinate, implement and evaluate a comprehensive plan of care.

While many health care disciplines are concerned about improving care at the end of life, the nursing profession is particularly well suited to lead these efforts in view of the scope and standards of advanced practice. Nursing’s social policy statement indicates that nurses “attend to the full range of human experiences and responses to health and illness without restriction to a problem-focused orientation, integrate objective data with knowledge gained from an understanding of the patient’s subjective experience; apply scientific knowledge to the processes of diagnosis and treatment; and provide a caring relationship that facilitates health and healing.”

Nursing as a discipline is uniquely qualified to provide comprehensive, effective, compassionate and cost-effective care...”
RECOMMENDATIONS

WE FIRMLY BELIEVE that Advanced Practice Nurses represent a valuable resource in national efforts to improve care and quality of life for Americans and their families living with advanced, life-limiting illness.

WE CALL ON LEADERS in the clinical professions, nursing educators, health service providers, health care payers, and public policy advocates to take the following actions:

1. **PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS** in nursing, medicine, hospice and palliative care are called to engage in dialogue about the APN role and opportunities and strategies to advance it in palliative care.

2. **NURSING EDUCATORS** must become knowledgeable about palliative care, and
   - Develop continuing education to prepare existing APNs in palliative care competencies for the care of patients and families experiencing a life-limiting illness;
   - Integrate core palliative care competencies into the education of all APN students, particularly those who will care for patients and families experiencing a life-limiting illness; and
   - Develop clinical tracks for APN students who intend to specialize in palliative care.

3. **PAYERS OF HEALTH SERVICES** are called on to recognize the specialty of palliative care and provide APNs with adequate and consistent compensation that is commensurate with APN scope of practice, authority and responsibility, regardless of practice setting or specialty and subspecialty.

4. **THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF STATE BOARDS OF NURSING** and individual state boards of nursing are called on to work collaboratively to consistently recognize APN scopes of practice and privileges regardless of specialty and subspecialty.

5. **HEALTH SYSTEMS OR HEALTH SERVICE PROVIDERS** are asked to develop or expand practice opportunities for APNs in all settings that care for patients who may experience a life-limiting illness.

6. **ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSES** who practice in palliative care are called on to document and disseminate the outcomes of their practice experience and roles, engage in interdisciplinary research, and translate research findings into practice.

REFERENCES
